MSDS

TIN PLATE

SHINHWA DYNAMICS Co., Ltd.

(주)신화다이나믹스

1. Information about chemical products and company

A. Product Tin plate

B. Recommended use and usage restrictions

Recommended use For food, miscellaneous, and other containers

Usage restrictions No data

C. Supplier

Company SHINHWA SILUP CO., LTD.

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Korea

MSDS Writer Quality control department
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2. Warning signs including precautionary measures statements

Picture





Sign Warning

Hazardous statements H335 It may cause respiratory system irritation.

H250 When exposed to air, it ignites itself.

Precautionary measures

Prevention P210 Keep away from heat, spark, flame, and high heat.

P222 Keep out of contact with the air.

P261 Avoid inhalation of dust, fume, gas, mist, steam, spray.

P271 Only handle outdoors or in well ventilated areas.

P280 Wear protective gloves, clothing, safety glasses, etc.

Response P304+P340 Move to fresh air when inhaled and rest in a breathable

position.

P312 If you feel uncomfortable, see a doctor to check.

P335+P334 Shake off any substances on the skin, soak in cold water

or cover with a wet bandage.

Storage P403+P233 Store containers tightly sealed in a well-ventilated

place.

Disposal P405 Store in a locked storage area

P501 Dispose of containers in accordance with the relevant

regulations.

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Other hazards and risks (NFPA) not included in the hazard and risk classification criteria

Tin (Sn) Sanitation: 0 Fire: No data Reactivity: 0

Iron (Fe) Sanitation: 2 Fire: No data Reactivity: No data

3. Name and content of components

Material	CAS No.	Content
Tin	7440-31-5	2.0 ~ 22.4g/m²
Iron	7439-89-6	Balance

* In manufacturing, small amounts of silicon (0.03% max), manganese (0.5% max), aluminum (0.07% max), nickel (0.01% max), copper (0.03% max), molyboden 0.01% max), and vanadium (0.05% max) may be added.

* This product is a solidified finished product, and MSDS is not exposed to chemicals contained in the product.

May be partially exposed in melting conditions, such as items excluded from preparation, cutting, or welding

4. First aid tips

C. When inhaled

A. When there's a substance in Get emergency medical attention.

your eye Wash skin and eyes immediately in running water for at least 20

minutes upon contact with the substance.

B. When it comes into contact Prevent the spread of contamination in the event of minor skin

with the skin, contact.

If you feel uncomfortable, see a doctor.

Remove contaminated clothes and shoes and isolate contaminated

areas.

If you are exposed to excessive amounts of dust or fume, remove it

with clean air and take medical measures if you have cough or other

symptoms.

Keep warm and steady.

Move to fresh air

If you do not breathe, perform artificial respiration.

D.When you eat Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the substance and take

protective measures.

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5. Handling method in case of explosion or fire

A. Proper (inappropriate) fire CO2(inappropriate)

control Big fire (appropriate): Dry sand. Drying chemical, Limestone, soda

ash * Water (inappropriate)

Small fire (appropriate): Dry sand. Drying chemical, Limestone,

soda ash *Foam (inappropriate)

Container may explode when heated Leakage is at risk of fire/explosion

Inhalation of decomposition products may result in serious injury or

death

Can be re-ignited after digestion

B. Specific hazards arising May ignite in contact with moisture

from chemicals flammable/combustible substances

Some substances can burn quickly with flashes

Some may explode in the event of fire or heating

Serious burns to the skin and eyes when in contact

May produce irritating, corrosive and toxic gases in the event of

fire

It may be molten and transported, so be careful.

Keep water out of the container.

If not dangerous, move the container from the fire area.

Keep safe distance away from the area and digest.

C. Protective equipment and preventive measures to be worn during fire fighting

and In the event of a tank fire, use unmanned fire extinguishing worn equipment in the event of a large fire, and if not possible, let it burn.

Cool the container with plenty of water even after extinguishing the fire in the tank.

If there is a high tone or discoloration of the tank during a tank

fire, withdraw immediately.

In case of tank fire, extinguish at maximum distance or use unmanned

fire extinguishing equipment.

In the event of a tank fire, get out of the tank in flames.

6. How to deal with leakage accidents

A. Actions and protective gear Avoid inhalation of (dust, fume, gas, mist, steam, spray).

necessary to protect the human Do not touch or walk around the exposure.

body Remove all ignition sources.

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Stop the leak if it's not dangerous.

Pay attention to substances and conditions to avoid.

Wear protective steam protection clothing in case of leakage without

fire.

spaces.

B.Action required to protect Leakage may cause contamination

the environment

Prevent inflow into waterways, sewers, basement, and confined

C.Purifying or removing methods

Cover with dry sand/soil, other non-flammable substances and cover

with plastic sheets to prevent spread and rain.

Using a clean explosion proof tool, collect the leak and place it in

a loosely covered plastic container.

7. Handling and storage method

A.Safety Handling Guidelines Avoid inhalation of (dust, fume, gas, mist, steam, spray).

Refer to engineering management and personal protective equipment.

Only handle outdoors or in well ventilated areas.

Use carefully for handling/storage.

B.Safe Storage Method Pay attention to substances and conditions to avoid.

Store tightly sealed in a well ventilated area.

8. Exposure protection and personal protection

A. Exposure standards, biological exposure standards, etc. of chemicals

TWA-2mg/m³ TIN (Metal) Domestic regulations

TWA-0.1mg/m³ TIN (organic compounds)

 $TWA-2mg/m^3$ Iron

 $TWA-2mg/m^3 TIN$ ACGIH regulations

> $TWA-2mg/m^3 TIN$ TWA-0.1 ma/m^3 TIN

Organic Compounds Biological No data

Exposure Standards and others No data

If dust, fume, or mist is generated during operation, ventilate air

pollution so that it is maintained below the exposure standard. B. Proper engineering management

Annotation (metal)

C. Personal protective gear

Annotation (Organic Compounds)

Respiratory protection

Wear respiratory protective gear that is certified by the Korea

Occupational Safety and Health Agency to match the physical chemical

properties of the exposed particulate matter.

If the exposure concentration is less than 1 mg/m3, wear a suitable

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Eye protection

Hand Protection

physical protection

Type of protective material

type of filter.

If the exposure concentration is lower than 2.5 mg/m3, wear a loose-fitting hood/helmet type electric respirator or continuous flow dust mask with the appropriate type of filter.

If the exposure concentration is less than 5 mg/m3, wear a front-facing or electrically powered half-type or air-supplied continuous flow/pressure demand half-type respirator with appropriate filters.

If the exposure concentration is less than 100 mg/m3, wear a front-facing or helmet/hood type or pressure-required transmission mask with a suitable filter.

Wear self-air supply (SCBA) or pressure-demand self-air supply (SCBA) respirators with appropriate filters if the exposure concentration is lower than 1000 mg/m3.

Wear breathable goggles to protect the eyes against particulate matter that may cause irritation or other health problems.

Install emergency cleaning facilities (shower type) and face washing facilities in a location where workers can easily access them.

Wear appropriate protective gloves considering the physical and chemical properties of the chemical.

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Wear heat-resistant gloves when working on high heat.

Wear appropriate protective gloves considering the physical and chemical properties of the chemical.

Wear proper chemical resistant protective clothing.

Wear heat-resistant clothing when working with high heat.

9. Physical Chemical Properties

TIN

Physical Status	Solid (liquid 232℃)	Water solubility	insoluble
Colors and Smells	White(gloss), odorless	Boiling point	Not Applicable
Vapor pressure	No data	Evaporation rate	Not Applicable
Vapor density	Not Applicable	melting point	2260℃
Weight (Water=1)	7.2	Hydrogenion index (pH)	Not Applicable

Iron

Physical Status	Solid (liquid	1535℃)	Water solubility	insoluble			
Colors and Smells	White or	gray,	Boiling point	Not Applicable			

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Evaporation rate odor Less Vapor pressure Not Applicable 1mmHg(at 1787°C) melting point 2750℃ Vapor density Not Applicable Hydrogen ion index Weight (Water=1) Not Applicable 7.85 (Hq)

10. Safety and responsiveness

A. Chemical stability and Leakage could be a risk of fire/explosion

harmfulness the likelihood of a Some can be burned but not easily ignited

reaction Non-flammable, the substance itself does not burn, but it can

decompose when heated and cause corrosive/toxic fume

May produce irritating, corrosive and toxic gases in the event of fire

Serious burns to the skin and eyes when in contact

Inhalation of decomposition products can cause serious injury or

death.

Some may break down explosively in the event of fire or

be able to re-ignite after extinguishing a fire

ignite upon contact with moisture inflammable combustible material

Some substances can flash and ride quickly.

Some react violently with water.

B.conditions to be avoided Sources of heat, spark, flame, etc.

dampness

C.substance to be avoided combustible material

hot water

D.Hazardous substances corrosive toxic fume

produced during decomposition irritating, corrosive, toxic gases

11.Information on toxicity

A.Information on possible Substances that may have systemic effects on mucous membranes,

exposure pathways eyes and skin(ACGIH, Ministry of Employment Notice

B.Health Hazard Information No.2018-24;skin)

acute toxicity

oral

LD50 > 2000mg/kg Rat (OECD TG 423, GLP)- Tin

transdermal skin LD50 > 98600mg/kg Rat (OECD TG 401 GLP)-Iron

LD50 > 2000mg/kg Rat (OECD TG 423, GLP)-Tin

Inhalation LD50 > 20000mg/kg Guinea pig-Iron

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Dust LD50 > 4.75mg/l 4 Hr Rat (OECD TG 403, GLP)-Tin

Dust LC50>100mg36HrRat (Not applicable to classification due to

skin corrosive or irritating lack of reliability of data such as mausoleum, hamster, guinea pig,

etc.)

severe eye damage d

irritation

or As a result of skin corrosiveness irritation test using rabbits, the

irritation index is zero, so no irritation OECD TG 404.GLP

significant irritation effects were observed OECD TG 405.GLP

No irritation as a result of eye injury irritation test using rabbits, no

respiratory sensitivity

No data

Skin irritability

Human, guinea pig, rat and mouse data review results on skin

hypersensitivity, no hypersensitivity-Tin

Skin hypersensitivity test results on guinea pigs show that all iron

carcinogenic oxide substances are not hypersensitive Similar substances:

Industrial Safety and 1309-37-1, 1317-61-9, 1310-14-1

Health Act

Ministry of Employment and No data
Labor Notice No data
IARC No data
OSHA No data

ACGIH A4(Tin and organic compounds, as Sn)

NTP No data
EU CLP No data

germ cell mutagenicity Genetic mutation test results using mammalian cultured cells in test

tubes negative regardless of presence or absence of metabolic

active systemOECD TG 476. GLP-Tin

Chromosome abnormality test results using mammalian cultured cells

reproductive toxicity in test tubes, negative regardless of metabolic activity OECD TG 473,

GLP-Tin

Genetic mutations using mammalian cultured cells in the test tube showed positive for carbony Iron and negative for electrolytic Iron.

specific target long-term

OECD TG 476-Iron

toxicity (one exposure) Results of oral reproductive toxicity test using rats;,

NOEL > 1,000mg/kg/day(OECD TG 421)

specific target long-term

toxicity (repeated exposure)

EHC15 Classified as Category 1 because pneumoconiosis appeared

in workers handling metal tin according to data

caused irritation to the respiratory system

pulmonary injury seen in workers handling metal tin-Tin

Results of repeated oral toxicity test using rats on 28 days, no effect

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suction hazard Other Hazardous Effects	is observed even at the highest concentration. NOEL > 1,000mg/kg bw/day OECD TG 407.GLP-Tin Oral Target Organ Systemic Toxicity Test Results in Rats, Liver Impact - Iron Results of inhalation targeted organ systemic toxicity test in rats, NOAEC-5mgm3-iron No data No data
12. environmental impact	
A. ecotoxic fish	LC50 >0.0124mg/l 96 Hr Pimephales promelas(OECD Guideline 203, GLP)-Tin **source:ECHA LC50 13.6mg/l 96 Hr (Danio rerio, LC0, 96h, >100,000mg/L, analogous substance:51274-00-1, OECD Guideline 203, Brachydanio rerio, LLO, LC50, 96h, > 10,000mg/L, analogous substance:1317-61-9-Iron **Source:ECHA
crustaceans bird	EC50 >100mg/l 48 Hr Daphnia magna(analogous substance CAS No. 1309-37-1 OECD TG 202)-Iron **Source:ECHA LC50 >0.0192mg/l 72 Hr etc.(Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata, OECD TG 201, GLP, No significant effects observed in poorly soluble substances - Tin **Source:ECHA
B.Residual and Decomposable remanency degradability C.bioconcentrability concentrability biodegradability D.soil mobility E.Other adverse effects	No data No data No data No data (log kd-5.3)-Iron **Source:ECHA Ceriodaphnia dubia:LOEC-200#g/L 7d EPA 1002.0 **Source:ECHA
13.Disposal Considerations	
A.disposal method	Process in one of the following ways 1.solidify 2.Reclamation in a managed landfill facility where designated waste can be reclaimed. 3.Burn the pulmonary catalyst containing combustible substances 4.Incineration of pulmonary catalysts containing halogen substances
B.Disposal Considerations	should be carried out at high temperatures.

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Dispose of the contents in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations.

14.information required for transportation

A.UN number (UN No.) 1383

B.Proper shipment name Other pyrophoric metals or pyrophoric alloys(PYROPHORIC METAL,

N.O.S. or PYROPHORIC ALLOY, N.O.S)

C.Transportation risk rating 4.2 D.Container Class

E.Marine Pollutants No data

F.Special safety measures that the user needs to know about transportation or means of

transportation

emergency measures in F-G

case of fire

emergency measures in the S-M

event of a spill

15. Current state of regulation

A.Regulations under the Substances subject to working environment measurement

Industrial Safety and Health Act (measurement cycle: 6 months)

controlled hazardous substances

Substances subject to special medical examination (diagnosis cycle:

12 months)

Exposure standard setting substance

B.Regulations under the Not applicable

Chemical Substances

Management Act

C.Regulations under the Class 2 Metal content 500kg-tin

Hazardous Materials Safety Class 2 Iron 500kg-CJF

Management Act

D.Regulations under the Waste designated waste

Management Act

E.etc.

domestic regulation

Other domestic regulations No data

foreign regulation

US Management

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Information (OSHA Regulations) No data

US Management No data

Information(CERCLA regulations)

US Management No data

Information (EPCRA

302regulations)

US Management No data

Information (EPCRA

304regulations)

US Management No data

Information (EPCRA No data

313regulations)

US Management No data

Information

(Rotterdam Convention No data

Substances)

US Management No data

Information

(Stockholm-contracted

substances)

US Management No data

Information

(Montreal Protocol

Substances)

EU classification No data

information(confirmed

classification results)

EU classification No data

information(dangerous sign)

EU classification No data

information(safety sign)

16.Additional References

A.source of data

HSDB(property)

HSDB(smell)

ICSC(melting point)

ICSC (Melt Point)

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HSDB (solubility)

ICSC (Specific gravity)

ECHA (orally)

ECHA (Transdermal)

ECHA (Inhalation)

ECHA (skin corrosive or irritating)

ECHA (severe eye damage or irritating)

ECHA (Dermatological Sensitivity)

ECHA (Germ Cell Mutagenicity)

ECHA (Reproductive Toxicity)

NITE, IPCS (specific target long-term toxicity (one exposure))

ECHA (specific target long-term toxicity (repeated exposure))

ECHA (fish)

ECHA (crustaceans)

ECHA (birds)

ECHA (Soil Mobility)

ECHA (Other Harmful Effects)

B.Original creation date: April 11, 2015.

C.the number of revisions and the date of the last revision;

Number of revisions: 3

The last revision date is February 17th, 2022.

D.Other

Refer to: Material Safety and Health Materials of Korea Industrial Safety Management Corporation Although this data has been prepared for the purpose of communicating information to users in accordance with known knowledge and the Industrial Safety and Health Act, it cannot be said that all hazardous substances specified in this data are described. Therefore, the user must carefully consider the precautions before using this information to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations relating to use and disposal.

Ensure that this document does not guarantee responsibility for the consequences of reference material and that final compliance assessments are made at the discretion of the user in the use of the product.

This document is written according to the standard used, so it is recommended that the person handling it should develop a suitable safety measure for special handling.

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This d	locumer	nt is	intended	for	inform	national	purpos	ses	and	should	not	be	understood	as
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- This data was prepared in accordance with Article 41 of the Industrial Safety and Sanitation Act.-